

While delivering his lectures on sheep living, Edward Atkinson, the political economist, wears an eight-dollar suit of clothes.

The Queen, sitting upon the advice of Mr. Gladstone, will, it is said, appoint a successor to Lord Carnarvon, Lord Lieutenant of Ireland.

Representative Wilson of West Virginia says he has obtained on undoubted authority that the tariff legislation to be proposed by the Ways and Means Committee of the House will be of such a character as to receive the undivided support of all the Democrats in the House.

JOHN VICTOR VON UNICHT, the Prussian statesman, is dead, in his eightieth year. He was one of the founders of the progress party, but subsequently became a National Liberal. He was a member of the first two Diets of the North German confederation and afterwards of the Imperial Reichstag.

CHIEF SIGNAL OFFICER HAZEN has written a letter to the Secretary of War in explanation of the accounts of the Signal Service recently criticised by the Second Comptroller of the Treasury. Gen. Hazen says that most of the expenditures in question were made by his predecessor in office, and that those made during his administration were made in conformity to law so far as his knowledge extends.

JUNIOR ALEXANDER W. TIERRELL of Austin, Tex., ex-State Senator and prominently identified as an advocate and promoter of several important measures, who has recently announced his candidacy for United States Senator to succeed Maxey, proposes to canvass the State next fall. He is a brilliant orator, a great favorite with the people, and will push Senator Maxey very close if he does not oust him from his seat.

The smallpox is still prevailing in eighty-nine towns and villages in the Province of Quebec, as well as in the city of Montreal, where it has been narrowed to a few families. This ought to be a warning to the health authorities of all the States, but especially to those on the frontier. Vaccination should be rigidly enforced everywhere and all the preventive precautions be taken against the spread of the disease.

SPEAKING of the French spoliation claims, the Washington Star says it is stated at the Court of Claims that the necessary delay on the part of the government in the trial of these claims cannot have the effect of preventing the trial of cases because of the two years' limit within which proceedings must be begun. The representatives of the claimant can file with the court preliminary petitions which will prevent their cases being crowded out by limitation. They can subsequently prepare the cases in detail.

The principal landlords in Wales have combined to resist the demand of the Farmers' League for a reduction of 25 per cent. in farm rents. In proclaiming their decision, the landlords declare they regret that the Farmers' League has adopted the false assumption that there is a natural antagonism between landlords and tenants. The landlords add that while they are willing to reduce individual rents according to the exigencies of each particular case, they are determined to absolutely decline to recognize the league.

MR. GLADSTONE has issued his address to the electors of Midlothian. In it he says that there are three questions affecting Ireland which demand the attention of Parliament: The question of social order, the question of reform, and the question of self-government. The desire for self-government, he says, must necessarily be subject to the law of imperial unity. The government, he adds, hopes to find a safer and more effective method than coercion to remedy the social troubles. The London News interprets the manifesto to mean that Mr. Gladstone intends to deal with the Irish questions in the order in which he has mentioned them. It thinks the scheme will secure the unanimous support of the Liberals, while the Conservatives cannot with decency oppose, and will almost certainly support measures for the establishment of order and the reform of the land law.

The New York Indicator criticizes John Sherman's silver bill with merciless deserved severity, and says: "The bill proposed by Senator Sherman ought to condemn him in the eyes of every man who believes that the silver question should be settled finally, and upon a sound basis. That gentleman's proposition is to make the United States Treasury a silver warehouse. Holders of silver bullion are invited to deposit it with the government, and get paid for it in what is to pass as current money. Why the government should store silver and issue certificates therefor any more than it should take wheat and iron on storage and issue warehouse receipts therefor, Mr. Sherman will probably not undertake to explain. Yet wheat and iron are as well entitled to the material care of the government as is silver."

A BLIZZARD AT NEW YORK

THE WORST SNOW-STORM EXPERIENCED SINCE 1878.

All Mails Delayed and Business Partially Suspended—Storms At Other Points.

NEW YORK, February 4.—The snow storm which swept down on the city yesterday is true Western style continued with little abatement all night. It is a regular Western blizzard, and is undoubtedly the worst storm New York has experienced since 1878, the winter of the Park Row fire. The streets are being rapidly filled with snow, and the street cars are pulled along the buried rails with great difficulty by the double teaming of horses. What adds to the difficulty of the situation is a strike upon the Broadway and Seventh Avenue railroad, the Broadway Surface railroad, the Sixth Avenue railroad and the Fourth Avenue railroad. No cars have left the stations of the several companies since an early hour this morning. As a result the cars of the elevated railroad have been crowded to a dangerous extent all the morning. Many business men have been obliged to walk down town to their offices. All the mails are delayed, especially those from the South and West. The Boston mails were only an hour behind time. Some of the mails have not yet been heard from.

The snow-storm which began yesterday afternoon has caused a delay in the arrival of freight trains from the West. The thermometer this morning registered from four to five degrees below zero.

Twelve Inches Deep at Lynchburg. Lynchburg, Va., February 4.—Snow has fallen since Wednesday noon, and is twelve inches deep. All railroads communication is interrupted. Reports from the southwestern portion of the State indicate unparalleled storms, and report the snow from two to three feet deep.

The Snow-Storm in Kansas.

PASSAGE, Kan., February 4.—The late fall of snow was much the heaviest ever known in this country. In the Indian Territory it is said to be much heavier than here, having fallen there to the extent of two feet on a level. Passenger trains from the north have been badly delayed. Reports from Western Kansas indicate great suffering of the people and heavy losses of stock. The farmers in this vicinity have experienced considerable loss of stock, principally in hogs and sheep. Wagon roads are completely blocked, rendering it almost impossible for country people to get to town.

Effects of the Storm at Washington.

WASHINGTON, February 4.—The travel on railroads south of here suffered greater interruption from yesterday's snow-storm than that on the roads north. No trains were sent out from Richmond northward yesterday afternoon and last night. The train which left Richmond yesterday morning at 6 o'clock had such hard work in forcing its way through cuts where the snow had drifted that it arrived here over eight hours late at 7:15 last night. The Midland train due here at 1:30 p.m. today did not get in till this morning. The Washington and Annapolis train left at 10 o'clock and the last train that left south of Alexandria yesterday was the Richmond train due here at 9 o'clock last night, but it had not arrived this morning. The heaviest trains northward today were double-headed, running engines in pairs. To-day there are reports that the snow is drifting on some of the roads, and it may be that more trouble will be given by the drifts in the cuts, but everything will be done to keep the roads open. All the Western trains due here last night arrived four hours late. Those arriving this morning are about one hour late.

The Snowfall at Baltimore.

BALTIMORE, Md., February 4.—The snow which began to fall at 10 o'clock yesterday morning continued up to 11 o'clock today. The fall was about seven or eight inches, the heaviest since 1878. Trains from every direction are delayed, and the navigation on Chesapeake Bay and its tributaries is entirely suspended. The wind has changed to the northwest and the snow is drifting badly in exposed situations.

Fourteen Inches at Wilmington.

WILMINGTON, Del., February 4.—About fourteen inches of snow has fallen here, and it is now drifting badly. Advice from down the Peninsula report a generally heavier storm than that at this place. The temperature was about 15° below in the suburbs, and 3° below zero was reached near the river, while the Signal Service minimum temperature was 1.2° below. There has been only a light wind, and the air is dry, so that great suffering from the weather is comparatively unknown. Out in the State the mercury has nowhere ventured to show itself above zero, the figures recorded being from a few degrees below near here to 40° below at Cheboygan. To-night at 8 o'clock the Signal Service office reported 3° above with indications for a cooler time than was enjoyed last night.

Fifteen Inches Deep at Winchester.

WINCHESTER, Va., February 4.—The snow is fifteen inches deep and the weather is very cold. A high northwester is prevailing and the snow is drifting badly tonight. Travel is impeded in all directions.

Another Snow-Storm at Harrisonburg.

HARRISONBURG, Va., February 4.—Three inches more of snow fell last night and there is great suffering among stock. The mercury has fallen 23° since noon and is still going down.

International Fair Association.

INDIANAPOLIS, Ind., February 4.—The International Fair Association continued its session today, and the forenoon was chiefly devoted to reading of papers. The following scale of charges to exhibitors was adopted: Stallion stalls, \$2; horse stalls, \$1; cat stalls, \$1; sheep and pig pens, 50

cents to \$1. In all other departments before any space is allotted or entry tickets are issued every exhibitor should be required to purchase a season ticket at \$1.50 in lieu of an entrance fee, this sum to cover all entries made by him.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA.

Iron Men Disappointed With Freight Rates—The Union Depot.

(SPECIAL TO THE APPEAL.)

BIRMINGHAM, Ala., February 4.—Several of the iron men have gone to Louisville to consult with the freight authorities about rates on pig iron to the North and West. They are dissatisfied about certain points connected with the recent advance of rates, and hope to have them set led in their favor.

It has been definitely ascertained that the contract for building the Union passenger depot here was let in Louisville Monday. The demolition of the old hotel Relay House to make room for tracks to the depot is well under way.

Geo. D. Stonestreet & Co. have an application in the hands of a committee of the City Council for the exclusive right to introduce natural gas into the city. They propose to bind themselves to bring it in in two years, and to sell not higher than 50 cents per 1000 feet.

A Grand Army of the Republic post is to be organized here Saturday night.

JACKSON, MISS.

Meeting of the Railroad Commission—Federal and State.

(SPECIAL TO THE APPEAL.)

JACKSON, Miss., January 4.—The Mississippi Railroad Commission has been in session two days and will probably remain at work all the week. They are examining the freight rates of the various roads in this State, which, since the recent decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, have been fixed.

The grand jury of the Federal Court after finding an unusually large number of indictments to-day adjourned, after being in session nearly two weeks. Most of the true bills are for timber depredations, and a number for selling whisky without United States license.

The internal revenue office was today moved into the government building, the office it was formerly in having been destroyed in the recent fire.

The grand jury, in their report, strongly indorse the efforts of Representative Barksdale to get \$25,000 additional appropriated to erect permanent offices for the revenue collector and register and receiver of public money.

The first mail from the north since the beginning of the present snow-storm reached here this evening.

THE FREEZE IN FLORIDA.

Suffering of a Surveying Party During the Cold Snap.

NEW ORLEANS, La., February 4.—A cold snap of great severity has arrived here from Florida, where he has been engaged in land surveying. He states that during the recent cold snap while he was making a voyage from Tampa to Cedar Keys the schooner in which he had embarked was wrecked off Cedar Keys. All the hands, except with their lives, but suffered greatly from the cold. The salt water froze on the reef in the Gulf of Mexico upon which the vessel struck, and great numbers of fish chiefly sheep-head and red fish, which had been killed by the cold, floated on the surface for miles.

Inquiries among fishermen and others elicited the fact that during the same cold spell fish were killed on the Louisiana coast, and were then floating by the thousands from the gulf to points far to the eastward. The fact that fish can be killed by the degree of cold that can be experienced in the Gulf of Mexico has been doubted, but authentic instances have now been reported.

MURDERED BY HIS MISTRESS.

Terrible Tragedy Near Thibodeaux, La., Tuesday Night.

NEW ORLEANS, La., February 4.—News from a country of a terrible tragedy which occurred on the Jamison plantation, near Thibodeaux, Tuesday night. The wedding ceremony was being performed which united in marriage James Baptiste and Maria Dupuis, when the lights were suddenly extinguished and the room left completely dark. In the midst of the darkness screams were heard, and when lights were brought it was found that the bridegroom had been stabbed seven times in the back with a large knife and fatally wounded, dying a few minutes afterward. An investigation showed that the murder had been committed by Koziah Collins, a former mistress of Baptiste, who, in co-operation with others, had extinguished the lights, when she assailed him. The woman escaped on a steamboat and has not yet been arrested.

HELENA, ARK.

Effect of the Cold Snap—Accidentally Shot.

(SPECIAL TO THE APPEAL.)

HELENA, Ark., February 4.—The cold wave which hit Helena last Tuesday has caused great suffering to live stock and inconvenience to our citizens, and remains unabated. The iron threw a great many trees across the railroads and tore down the telegraph wires. The north-bound passenger train on the Iron Mountain was wrecked yesterday near Preston, Lee county, Ark. No particulars as to injury done.

Henry Miller, a boy fourteen years of age, living near Helena, while out hunting accidentally shot himself, from the effects of which he died.

"Historians make men wise, poets witty." But what in the world does a man want with either when he has sprained his ankle? No sir, not them, not there! Give him out one bottle of Salvation Oil. The greatest cure on earth for pain.

The Stone Shakes.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., February 4.—The National Stone Manufacturers' Association met again in secret session today and discussed the methods of manufacturing, how to harmonize relations between employer and employee, the feasibility of co-operative associations, and also of union between workmen, the association and to increase its usefulness, foreign trade, its extent and how to increase it. New York was selected for the place of meeting in February next. The convention adjourned to-night.

REVISION OF THE TARIFF.

A BILL SOON TO BE SUBMITTED TO THE HOUSE.

The Telephone Investigation—Protection Against Yellow Fever—Postal Changes.

(SPECIAL TO THE APPEAL.)

WASHINGTON, February 4.—Mr. Morrill says the Ways and Means Committee were getting along well with tariff matters, and will soon report the bill. Many members are impatient for action. There seems to be no doubt about the passage of a bill which will be an important revision of the tariff.

SENATOR HARRIS

yesterday introduced a bill to prevent the introduction of contagious disease and establish a Bureau of Public Health, under the Interior Department. The commissioner of the bureau is to be paid \$4500 a year. The bill was referred to the Committee on Epidemic Diseases.

THE SECRETARY OF THE NAVY has recently received the resignation of a number of Naval Academy cadets, but has postponed action on them until the result of the semi-annual examination is known. Some of them may have resigned, it is thought, to escape dismissal for failure to pass the examination.

EMIL H. ROEDER of Arkansas has been appointed to a \$200 clerkship in the First Assistant Postmaster-General's office.

THE FAILURE

of the Appropriation Committee to present any appropriation bills is contrasted by many members as an attempt by Mr. Randall to defeat other important measures, especially the tariff bill, which was the policy he pursued so successfully last year.

CONGRESSMAN HILDON

chairman of the Committee on Department of Justice and Expenditure, says he has been in session nearly two weeks. Most of the true bills are for timber depredations, and a number for selling whisky without United States license.

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ACCIDENT TO THE OHIO.

The Steamer Hits a Rock at Louisville—No Damage.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., February 4.—The steamer Ohio struck down over the falls this afternoon for New Orleans, when she was caught by heavy wind and ice and driven into shore against the Little Blue Wing. There was much excitement among the passengers, but as the damage was not great the Ohio proceeded on her trip.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN.

Sensational Snubbing Affair at a Ball.

(SPECIAL TO THE APPEAL.)

CHATTANOOGA, Tenn., February 4.—A very sensational tragedy occurred at a ball last night. During the progress of the dance Will Miller, a well known young man, attempted to enter without paying the admission fee. Thea Giles, the door-keeper, intercepted him and an altercation ensued. Giles was knocked down, but managed to draw his knife, and while the two men were locked in each other's arms, surrounded by the affrighted guests, Giles managed to draw his knife, and a frightful scene ensued. With lightning-like rapidity he began using the keen blade and in a few seconds had stabbed his adversary nine times, and inflicted supposed mortal wounds.

The St. Paul Ice Carnival.

St. PAUL, Minn., February 4.—This was the grandest day of the ice carnival. Forces stormed the palace held by the snow king and fires. The pyrotechnic display was the most varied and brilliant ever seen in the Northwest, consisting of rockets, roman candles and explosive balloons. Among the participants in the parade were over 200 members of the St. George and Winnipeg Snow-shoe Clubs and other citizens of Winnipeg, including Premier McQuay and W. E. Lusk of the Free Press.

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Travelers Ins. Co

OF HARTFORD, CT.

A New Departure.

A Life Policy Which Will Satisfy Everybody. No Bardsome Conditions. Cheapest Liberal Policy Yet Issued.

Non-Forfeiture Provisions.

Cost of Insurance Less Than in Any Order or Society.

Cash Assets January 1, 1885, \$2,417,000.00

Cash Surplus January 1, 1885, \$2,385,835.80

Claims Paid in 1885, 885,012.00

Total Claims Paid in 22 years, \$1,145,128.00

No. of Life Policies written to date, 44,800.

All Claims paid immediately on receipt of satisfactory proof.

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Breakfast Cocoa.

Warmed absolutely pure

Cocoa, from which the excess of

Oil has been removed, thus

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and is therefore far more

nutritious, cooling, less than one

cup. It is delicious, refreshing,

strengthening, easily digested,

and admirably adapted for

invalids as well as for persons in

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R. G. CRAIG AND CO.

FARMING TOOLS AND

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MEMPHIS, TENN.

Washington special to the New

York Times: "Mr. Casey Young and

Mr. George (Gant), both of counsel for

the companies opposed to the Bell

Telephone Company, are in this city,

and are awaiting the order of the

Attorney-General as to where the suit

the government shall be tried. Mr.

Gant says that the issue to be tried

is not one that could be effectively

brought by one company against the

Bell Telephone monopoly. The issue

of fraud, upon which so much depends,

is made up in the appended cases, and

cannot be developed in them as it can

be in the government suit. It is urged,"

he says, "that there is no necessity

CURED OF CATARRH

BY DR. J. A. HUNTER'S TREATMENT.

Letter from Mr. Hargreaves, of the firm of Morgan & Hargreaves, Dry Goods Merchants, Washington, Pa.

WASHINGTON, Pa., July 14th, 1877.

DR. J. A. HUNTER, San Francisco—DEAR SIR:

I will have to introduce myself before going any further. I was under your care in the fall of 1875 and early part of 1876 for Catarrh, "Pharyngitis," you told me, and catarrh in the ear, one of my ears—the left one—being very badly affected. Now, it is about aural trouble I wish to ask you. The ear which you doctored has ceased to trouble me, but the other—the right one—though it does not seem to be diseased, collects wax which gets hard, or caked, incrusts on the tube leading to the ear. A drop of olive oil relieves it for the time, until it appears to dry up, and then not really pains but annoys me.

The sensation I now feel is not so much in the ear, but at the end of the Eustachian tube, just where it enters the throat: for when I sing it causes a sensation—a kind of harshness in the throat—merely at that point where the tube enters the throat, as I understand from the cuts in the papers you gave me.

The reason I write to you, in preference to consulting some physicians, is that you cured me of Catarrh when others did me no good, and transformed me from an invalid to a man of not merely good but robust health. If you will write and tell me what to do, I will send whatever charges you see proper to make.

When I was under your care before, you prescribed for my ears, INHALATION. Hoping to hear from you soon, I remain, yours sincerely,

A. W. HARGREAVES.

REPORT AFTER NINE YEARS.

ARLINGTON, KANSAS, January 22, 1886.

DR. JAMES A. HUNTER, So Court St., Memphis, Tenn:

DEAR SIR—I am in receipt of your letter of enquiry, (forwarded to me from Washington, Pa.) about my condition of health. I left Washington and quit former business (dry goods), more than two years since. The close confinement had worn me out. I now have perfect health. The treatment you gave me for chronic catarrh was effective, and the results permanent. When you treated me in '77 I considered that you saved my life, and now, at this time, I am still of the same opinion. I am glad to hear of your return to America, for if I ever have a return of catarrh I shall want your skill, as I know of no other physician so able to cope with this horrible disease.

If you wish to use me as a reference do so at any time. I feel so grateful to you for what you have done for me that I will gladly serve you.

Wishing you health and success, I am your former patient and hearty well-wisher.

Very truly,

A. W. HARGREAVES.

Dr. Hunter's Visit to Memphis.

Dr. JAMES A. HUNTER, formerly of Europe, late of New Orleans, Doctor of Medicine and Surgery, University of Brussels, Licentiate of the Royal Colleges of Physicians and Surgeons, Edinburgh; a Pupil of St. Thomas Hospital and the Great Brompton Hospital for Diseases of the Chest, London, is making a brief Professional visit to this city before returning to Europe, and may be consulted at No. 50 Court street, between Third and Fourth.

Dr. Hunter has, for twenty-five years, devoted special attention to diseases of the HEAD, THROAT, CHEST AND LUNGS, embracing Catarrh, Sore Throat, Bronchitis, Asthma, Consumption, Diphtheria, Croup, Heart and Brain Diseases, Scrofula, etc. Office hours, 10 a.m. to 12 m.; 1 to 6 p.m.